

OXIDATIVE STRESS SOURCES



Oxidative stress happens when there's an imbalance between free radicals and antioxidants in the body. While some oxidative stress is normal and even essential, excess can damage cells, accelerate aging, and contribute to chronic disease.

Internal Sources

These arise from within the body, often silently and chronically:

- Normal cellular respiration
 Especially in high-energy organs like the brain and ovaries
- Chronic inflammation
 Even low-grade, persistent inflammation
 drives oxidative stress, and vice versa
- Imbalanced blood sugar/insulin resistance
 High blood sugar increases free radical
 production. (Fasting insulin ~5 mIU/L;
 HbA1c < 5.3% is ideal.)
- Excess estrogen (without enough progesterone)

Can increase oxidative stress and affect detoxification

- Nutrient deficiencies
 - Especially:
 - Glutathione
 - Selenium
 - Zinc
 - CoQ10
 - Vitamins C & E

- Autoimmune conditions
 Ongoing immune activation increases
 oxidative load
- Chronic infections
 Viral, bacterial, fungal, or parasitic all trigger ongoing immune responses
- Poor methylation / detox capacity
 Issues like MTHFR mutations or sluggish
 liver detox can lead to buildup of oxidative
 byproducts.
- Overtraining

Excessive exercise without adequate rest increases ROS (reactive oxygen species)

Sleep deprivation
 Inhibits cellular repair and detoxification processes





External Sources

These come from your environment and daily habits:

- Processed foods & seed oils
 E.g., soybean, canola, corn, and sunflower oils high in omega-6
- Cooking at high heat
 Browning, frying, grilling = more AGEs
 (advanced glycation end products)
 → Marinate meats & cook gently to reduce
 AGEs
- Environmental toxins
 - Pesticides & herbicides
 - Food additives
 - Heavy metals (e.g., mercury, arsenic)
 - Mold/mycotoxins
 - Plastics (e.g., BPA, phthalates)
 - Pollution & EMFs (from Wi-Fi, phones, etc.)

- Smoking & alcohol
 Major contributors to oxidative stress and liver burden
- Medications
 Especially NSAIDs, antibiotics, chemotherapy, and some chronic-use prescriptions
- Radiation exposure
 From X-rays, CT scans, air travel, and devices
 (phones, tablets)
- Infections (e.g., UTIs, viral flares)
 Can spike oxidative stress as the body mounts a defense
- Chronic stress
 Especially NSAIDs, antibiotics, chemotherapy,
 and some chronic-use prescriptions
- Radiation exposure
 Emotional stress can drive cortisol up and
 antioxidants down